Undergraduate, Doctor of Medicine, Non-Award and CSP Admissions – Schedule 2

This schedule may be reviewed by the University periodically. Selection rank for applicants with at least a full year of tertiary study.

GPA[i]	Bachelor's degree	
	UQ	Other Based on QTAC T4001
6.5+	99	99
6.25–6.49	99	98
6.00–6.24	99	98
5.80–5.99	99	97
5.50–5.79	98	97
5.25–5.49	97	96
5.00–5.24	96	96
4.50–4.99	95	95
4.25–4.49	94	94
4.00–4.24	93	93
3.75–3.99	88	88
3.50–3.74	85	85
3.25–3.49	82	82
3.00–3.24	79	79
2.75–2.99	76	76
2.50–2.74	72	72
2.25–2.49	67	67
2.00–2.24	60	60
<2.00	45	45

1.   In this schedule—

Applicant means a person applying for admission to a program.

Bachelor's degree means learning outcomes at level 7 under the Australian Qualifications Framework (AQF) with the volume of learning typically of 3–4 years duration.

Full year of tertiary study means 16 units of tertiary study at a bachelor's degree level or higher or an amount the Academic Registrar considers equivalent.

Other means a tertiary institution that is not The University of Queensland.

Program means a program listed in PPL 3.40.06d1 Undergraduate, Doctor of Medicine, Non-Award and CSP Admissions—Table 1.

QTAC – the Queensland Tertiary Admissions Centre.

UQ means The University of Queensland.

2.   (1)   This schedule only applies to applicants who have undertaken at least a full year of tertiary study at a bachelor's degree level or higher.

     (2)   Subject to the following provisions, applicants will be allocated a selection rank using the table and taking account of all previous tertiary study at a bachelor's degree level or higher.

2.   If at the time of application the applicant has completed at least a full year of tertiary study at UQ as their most recent study, all studies undertaken at UQ will be used to allocate a selection rank, unless a higher selection rank would result—

     (a)   under another provision of this schedule; or

     (b)   if all the applicant's previous results, including those from Other institutions (if any), were used, then the highest selection rank is to be allocated.

3.   When an academic record is from an institution that allocates grades but not units to individual courses, the average of the grades is to be used to calculate the GPA. If the grades are not on a 7-point scale, they must be converted to a 7-point scale using a method determined by the Academic Registrar.

4.   Results obtained more than 5 years before application are not to be used to calculate an applicant's selection rank if—

     (a)   the applicant has since undertaken at least one full year of tertiary level study; and

     (b)   the selection rank under this provision is higher than the selection rank using all the applicant's previous results.

6.   (1)   An applicant is to be allocated a selection rank of 99 if they have obtained a—

           (a)   research doctorate; or

           (b)   research master; or

           (c)   bachelor's degree with class I or IIA honours.

     (2)   An applicant who has obtained a coursework doctorate, coursework master or bachelor's degree with class IIB honours is to be allocated a selection rank of 97, unless another provision of this schedule allocates a higher selection rank.

     (3)   An applicant who has undertaken tertiary study in a graduate certificate, graduate diploma, master by coursework, doctorate by coursework or other postgraduate coursework program but who has not completed the program is to be allocated a selection rank on the basis of the table as if that study had been completed at bachelor's degree level.

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i   Grade point average (GPA) is defined as the average of the grade of results obtained by the student in all courses in which the student is enrolled, weighted by the unit value of each course in accordance with the following formula—

$$\text{GPA} = \frac{\sum(GP)}{\sum(P)}$$

where G = grade of result in a course and P = unit value of that course. If a student is enrolled in a course but gets no result, $G = 0$.

PPL 3.10.02 *Assessment Procedure* explains how a non-graded pass (P) and a non-graded fail (N) are considered. Where ignoring a non-graded pass (P) disadvantages a student, a result of P should be treated in accordance with PPL 3.10.02 *Assessment Procedure*.